You Can Help!





- 1. Take shorter showers instead of baths
- 2. Install a low volume toilet using less water to flush
- 3. Put up a clothes line in the basement, don't use the dryer
- 4. Make sure you have full loads of laundry to do each time
- 5. Fill the dishwasher before you start it
- 6. Turn the tap off when brushing your teeth or washing your hands

WRONG X



- 7. Replace energy draining appliances
- 8. Don't leave lights on
- 9. Don't leave curtains open during the day
- 10. Don't leave computers, laptops and video games on and unplug when not in use
- 11. Don't use fertilizer, pesticides - everything washes down stormdrains

Keep our Great Lakes Clean!

The Great Lakes Program

- FREE & Bilingual
- Based on the Ontario Science and Technology Curriculum
- Offered to Grade 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 8, and 11 students across Ontario **Includes PowerPoint presentation,** educational artefacts and question/answer session with the biologist in the classroom

Questions and bookings? Contact us

greatlakes@torontozoo.ca

Check out our website www.torontozoo.ca

NEW Grade 8 Teaching and Learning Resource greatlakes.axonsphere.com

VISIT Great Lakes fishes at the

toronto

IN PARTNERSHIP WITH:







Great Lakes **Program**



NOAA, Great Lakes Environmental Research Laboratory

American Eel Pugnose Shiner Eastern Sand Darter Lake Sturgeon **Redside Dace Freshwater Mussels Channel Darter Atlantic Salmon**





REDSIDE DACE

FNDANGERED

- Habitat: cool, clean rivers and streams of L. Ontario and L. Erie
 - Leaps out of the water to feed on insects



CHANNEL DARTER

THREATENED

- Feeds on aquatic insect larvae and crustaceans
 - Member of the perch family



LAKE STURGEON

THREATENED

- Diet: small fishes, molluscs, crayfishes, insect larvae
- One of the largest freshwater fishes in North America



ATLANTIC SALMON EXTINCT

- Land-locked (remain in L. Ontario watershed, do not go out to sea)
 - Restocking program to increase population in L. Ontario



Great Lakes Program Species At Risk



AMERICAN EEL ENDANGERED

- Long migration (over 6,000km) to Sargasso Sea to spawn
 - Threats: fishing, pollution, dams, large predators



EASTERN SAND DARTER

THREATENED

- Often mistaken for round goby (an invasive species)
 - Threats: siltation, pollution, dams



EASTERN PONDMUSSEL

ENDANGERED

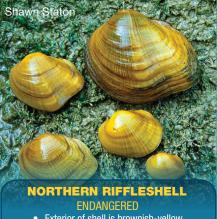
- Inside of shell can be silvery white, pink or purple
 - Threats include pollution and competition from zebra mussels



PUGNOSE SHINER THREATENED

- Scatter their eggs among plants in the water, instead of making a nest
 - Sensitive to changes in their ecosystem

I am Important! I am Protected!



Exterior of shell is brownish-yellow with fine green rays

 Threats: runoff, pollution, siltation and zebra mussels

Mussels are endangered! Keep them safe!

- Ontario has 41 freshwater mussel species
- These invertebrates filter 9 L of water/hr to feed
- Mussels are considered an indicator species for healthy waters

Invaders!



Zebra and Quagga Mussels

- These invaders arrived in ship ballast from Asia and Europe
- Now thriving in the Great Lakes
- Live in large colonies
- Clog shorelines and piping
- Displace native mussels